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corporation for purposes of 6 U.S.C. 395 (which does not have a limiting date) and therefore also for purposes of this section.

[74 FR 31563, July 1, 2009]

9.108-3 Prohibition.

(a) Section 743 of Division D of the FY 2009 Omnibus Appropriations Act (Public Law 111-8) prohibits the use of 2009 appropriated funds for contracting with any foreign incorporated entity that is treated as an inverted domestic corporation, or with a subsidiary of such a corporation. The same restriction was also contained in the Fiscal Year 2006 through 2008 appropriations acts. In order to be eligible for contract award when using Fiscal Year 2006 through Fiscal Year 2009 funds, an offeror must represent that it is not an inverted domestic corporation or subsidiary. Any offeror that cannot so represent is ineligible for award of a contract using such appropriated funds.

(b) Contracting officers should rigorously examine circumstances known to them that would lead a reasonable business person to question the contractor self—certification and, after consultation with legal counsel, take appropriate action where that questionable self-certification cannot be verified.

 $[74~{\rm FR}~31563,~{\rm July}~1,~2009]$

9.108-4 Waiver.

Any agency head may waive the requirement of subsection 9.108-3 for a specific contract if the agency head determines in writing that the waiver is required in the interest of national security, documents the determination, and reports it to the Congress.

[74 FR 31563, July 1, 2009]

9.108-5 Solicitation provision.

When using funds appropriated in Fiscal Year 2006 through Fiscal Year 2009, the contracting officer shall include the provision at 52.209–2, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—Representation in each solicitation issued after July 1, 2009 for the acquisition of products or services (see FAR 52.212–3 for solicita-

tions issued under Part 12), unless waived in accordance with FAR 9.108–4.

[74 FR 31563, July 1, 2009]

Subpart 9.2—Qualifications Requirements

SOURCE: 50 FR 35476, Aug. 30, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

9.200 Scope of subpart.

This subpart implements 10 U.S.C. 2319 and 41 U.S.C. 253(e) and prescribes policies and procedures regarding qualification requirements and the acquisitions that are subject to such requirements.

9.201 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Qualified bidders list (QBL) means a list of bidders who have had their products examined and tested and who have satisfied all applicable qualification requirements for that product or have otherwise satisfied all applicable qualification requirements.

Qualified manufacturers list (QML) means a list of manufacturers who have had their products examined and tested and who have satisfied all applicable qualification requirements for that product.

[50 FR 35476, Aug. 30, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 34227, Sept. 2, 1988; 66 FR 2128, Jan. 10, 2001]

9.202 Policy.

(a)(1) The head of the agency or designee shall, before establishing a qualification requirement, prepare a written justification—

- (i) Stating the necessity for establishing the qualification requirement and specifying why the qualification requirement must be demonstrated before contract award;
- (ii) Estimating the likely costs for testing and evaluation which will be incurred by the potential offeror to become qualified; and
- (iii) Specifying all requirements that a potential offeror (or its product) must satisfy in order to become qualified. Only those requirements which are the least restrictive to meet the